



विद्या सर्वार्थ साधिका

ANANDALAYA  
ANNUAL EXAMINATION  
Class: VII

Subject: Social Science  
Date: 12-03-2024

M.M: 80  
Time: 3 hours

**General Instructions:**

- (i) Question paper comprises three Sections – A, B, and C. There are 34 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Section A – From question 1 to 11 are HISTORY questions.
- (iii) Section B – Question no. 12 to 20 are CIVICS questions.
- (iv) Section C contains Q.21 to Q.33 are GEOGRAPHY questions.
- (v) For 3-mark question word limit is 60 to 80.
- (vi) For 5-mark question word limit is 80 to 100.

**SECTION-A (HISTORY)**

1. The societies that did not follow the social rules and rituals prescribed by main societies are (1)  
often called as \_\_\_\_\_  
(A) Brahmins (B) Tribes  
(C) Mahars (D) Kshatriyas
2. 'X' were the most important trader nomads. Sultan Alauddin Khalji used them to transport (1)  
grains to the city markets. Their caravan was called tanda. Who were 'X'?  
(A) The Gonds (B) The Banjaras (C) The Ahoms (D) The Kolis
3. The religious biographies of Alvars and Nayanars that are used as sources for writing the (1)  
histories of bhakti tradition. They are known as \_\_\_\_\_  
(A) Hagiographies (B) Tevaram (C) Advaita (D) Hospices
4. Why did the conquerors like the Mughals and the British wanted the control over the temples? (1)
5. Identify the idea that was widely accepted as a base of all religions. (1)  
(A) The idea that all living beings are happy  
(B) The idea that all living beings pass through countless cycles of birth and rebirths  
(C) The idea that all human beings and animals are same  
(D) The ideas that kingdoms can be on the basis of religions.
6. State whether true or false: (1)  
Guru Nanak emphasized on the importance of worship of one God.
7. How did Nomads manage their livelihood? (2)
8. Analyse and explain the differences between Gonds and Ahoms on the basis of: (2)  
(1) Occupation, (2) Administration
9. Elucidate the ideas of Shankara and Ramanuja on their beliefs of supreme God. (3)

- 10 'Kathak began evolving into a distinct mode of dance in the 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> centuries with the spread of the bhakti movement'. Explain the statement. (5)
- 11 On the given outline map of India name and locate the places inhabited by the following tribes: (5)  
(A) Bhils, (B) Langhans, (C) Gakkhars, (D) Mundas, (E) Santhals.

### SECTION-B (POLITICAL SCIENCE)

12. Right to equality includes: (1)  
(A) Equality before the Law  
(B) No discrimination on the basis of religion, caste, gender or place of birth  
(C) Abolition of untouchability  
(D) All are correct
13. The laws for the state are passed in \_\_\_\_ (1)  
(A) Legislative Assembly (B) Press conference  
(C) Parliament (D) Election House
14. In a Legislative assembly, the most important role of Members of Legislative Assembly is to (1)  
\_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) pass all the bills  
(B) conduct elections  
(C) approve whatever the government puts forth  
(D) express his/ her opinion and ask questions to the government
15. Define the following terms: (2)  
(1) 'balanced report' (in the context of media), (2) Censorship
16. State any two differences between the Opposition and the Ruling party in the state. (2)
17. Elucidate the role of media in democracy. (2)
18. Mention the outcome of the Civil Rights Movement in the U.S. (3)
19. 'Television has brought the world closer to us.' Justify the statement. (5)
20. Explain how the Chief Minister would resolve the problem of water shortage in Patalpuram district. (5)

### SECTION C - GEOGRAPHY

21. Refer to the given information about the layers of the atmosphere and select the option that correctly identifies it. (1)  
(i) It lies above the troposphere.  
(ii) It contains layer of ozone gas.  
(A) Troposphere (B) Stratosphere (C) Mesosphere (D) Thermosphere
22. Bedouins and Tuaregs are types of \_\_\_\_\_. (1)  
(A) Nomadic Tribes (B) Flora (C) Fauna (D) Glacier

23. The river amazon flows through \_\_\_\_\_ . (1)  
(A) Arctic Region (B) Temperate region (C) Frigid region (D) Equatorial region
24. The Ghagra, the Gandak, the Kosi and the Son are the tributaries of which river? (1)  
(A) River Ganga (B) River Brahmaputra (C) River Krishna (D) River Yamuna
25. When the warm and cold currents meet, what do they provide? (1)  
(A) Fishing grounds (B) hot water (C) Cold water (D) Corals
26. Define Tides. What are the types of Tides? (3)
27. In Sahara Desert, why people wear heavy robes? (3)
28. Which were the developmental activities that led to destruction of Amazon Forest? (3)
29. What is Slash and Burn agriculture? (3)
30. Define Air pressure. Mention the characteristics of Low pressure. (3)
31. Draw the diagram of major pressure belts and wind system. Explain permanent winds with examples. (5)
32. Describe the location, climatic conditions, flora and fauna found in Amazon basin. (5)
33. What mainly attracts tourists to Ladakh? (5)